

The course "Emergencies" focuses on recognizing and initially managing patients with acute



230 0-5 2-0 - 8 02 7 . 2 2

Learning objectives

- To describe the physical and clinical signs that should be assessed in a critically ill patient
- To describe the clinical scores useful to identify a critically ill patient, including the National Early Warning Score (NEWS)
- To describe the basic principles of initial management and treatment of a critically ill patient

230 -) 2- 0 2-0 1

Learning objectives

- To define shock and address its pathophysiology
- To describe the main determinants of the whole-body oxygen delivery
- To distinguish between different forms of shock: hypovolemic, cardiogenic, obstructive, distributive
- To describe the physical and clinical signs that should be assessed in a patient with shock
- To describe the basic principles of the initial management of a patient with shock

230 32 0 1. 0 2- 07 30 . 02

Learning objectives

- To define and recognize a patient with acute respiratory failure
- To describe the physical and clinical signs that should be assessed in a patient with acute respiratory failure
- To describe the most common causes of acute respiratory failure

230 . 1 1 2 - . 2 - . 71 - - 76

Learning objectives

- To define sepsis and septic shock
- To describe the physical and clinical signs that should be assessed in a patient



- To describe the initial microbiological investigations that should be ordered in a patient with sepsis or septic shock
- To describe the basic principles of antimicrobial therapy in a patient with sepsis or septic shock

230 0 00 12

Learning objectives

- To define and recognize cardiac arrest
- To describe the most common causes of cardiac arrest
- •



- Mild, moderate, and severe head injuries
- To explain the importance of limiting secondary brain injury

- 20- 0 131 2 2 -

Learning objectives

230

- Traumatic coagulopathy
- Coagulation tests
- Massive transfusion protocol

230 - 20- 130 07

Learning objectives

- Controlling major hemorrhage
- Containing contamination
- Applying temporary closure devices
- Returning to the operating room for re-exploration or definitive repair and closure

230 1 1 - 20 3 . 2 21

Learning objectives

• Simulated cases on how to approach a trauma patient

230 32) 7 (307







Interactive lectures, discussion of clinical cases, and simulated cases led by the teachers.

Students' competencies will be assessed through an oral discussion of clinical cases. The A-B-C-D-E approach will be the primary focus for the student's final evaluation. Students' general knowledge of appropriate diagnosis and therapy will also be evaluated.

- UpToDate: Evidence-Based Clinical Decision Support resource (uptodate.com)
- Critical Care Physiology. Bartlett RH, University of Michigan Press, 2000.
- The ICU survival book. Owens W, First Draught Press, 2022.

[•] All the material provided by the teachers, including their presentations and references